The results of Labor Force Survey in April 2014 showed that there are population, aged 15 years and over, of about 54.76 million persons. Of these 38.03 million were in the labor force or available for work (37.33 million were employed, 0.34 million were unemployed and 0.35 million were seasonally inactive labor force), while 16.73 million were not in the labor force or not available for work, such as housewives, students or elderly.

There were 37.33 million employed persons, which 11.04 and 26.29 million were in agriculture and non-agriculture sectors, respectively. Comparing with April in 2013, it was shown that the number of employed persons in agriculture sector decreased by 90 thousand, and non-agriculture sector decreased by 0.13 million. This decrement was found in various industries e.g. 0.21 million in construction, 0.17 million in wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles, 0.10 million in public administration defence and compulsory social security, 20 thousand in real estate activities, 10 thousand in human health and social work activities. However, an increase in some other industries was found e.g., 70 thousand in transportation and storage, in accommodation and food service activities and in financial and insurance activities, 50 thousand in manufacturing, 30 thousand in other service activities and 20 thousand in education and the rest shared in the other industries.

Considering the number of underemployed workers and available for additional work, there were 0.21 million or 0.6% of the total employed persons.
In April 2014, the total number of unemployed persons were 0.34 million or 0.9% of the total labor force and increased of 13 thousand (from 0.33 million to 0.34 million) comparing to the same period as in 2013. And, it showed an increase of 3 thousand (from 341 thousand to 344 thousand) in March 2014.

Out of 0.34 million, there were 0.17 million having never worked (86 thousand were male and 86 thousand were female) and 0.17 million had ever, among these, the number of unemployed persons who ever worked decreased by 8 thousand (from 0.18 million to 0.17 million), comparing to the same period as in 2013. It was found that 0.17 million distributed in 3 sectors i.e. 89 thousand in services and trade, 66 thousand in manufacturing and 17 thousand in agriculture.

Regarding the unemployment rates by age groups, there were 4.4% in a youth group (aged 15-24 years) and 0.5% in adults group (age 25 years and over).

The unemployment rate in the youth group increased from 4.1% to 4.4% comparing to the same period as in 2013, but decreased from 4.9% to 4.4% comparing to March in 2014.
For level of educational attainment of unemployed persons in April 2014, it was found that most of them had higher level (0.15 million or 1.8%), followed by those with upper secondary level (72 thousand or 1.2%), lower secondary level (59 thousand or 1.0%), primary level (40 thousand or 0.5%) and illiterate and less than primary level (23 thousand or 0.2%).

Comparing to the same period in 2013, the result showed that the number of unemployed persons with higher level increased of 32 thousand, upper secondary level of 10 thousand. However, those with primary level decreased of 17 thousand, lower secondary level of 8 thousand and illiterate less than primary level of 4 thousand.

Concerning the unemployment rate by region, it was found that those in the South was the highest with 1.3%, Bangkok and the Central (1.0%) and the Northeast and the North (0.7%).

Comparing to the same period as in 2013, the unemployment rate of the whole kingdom did not change. However, concerning by region, it changes in some regions such as, an increase in the North, the South, Bangkok and the Central. While the employed rate did not change in the Northeast.